







How can municipalities promote the sustainable development in their territories?

THE TERRITORIAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL DIMENSIONS

European Habitat 17 March 2016 Conference Hall, Prague Congress Centre, Prague, Czech Republic



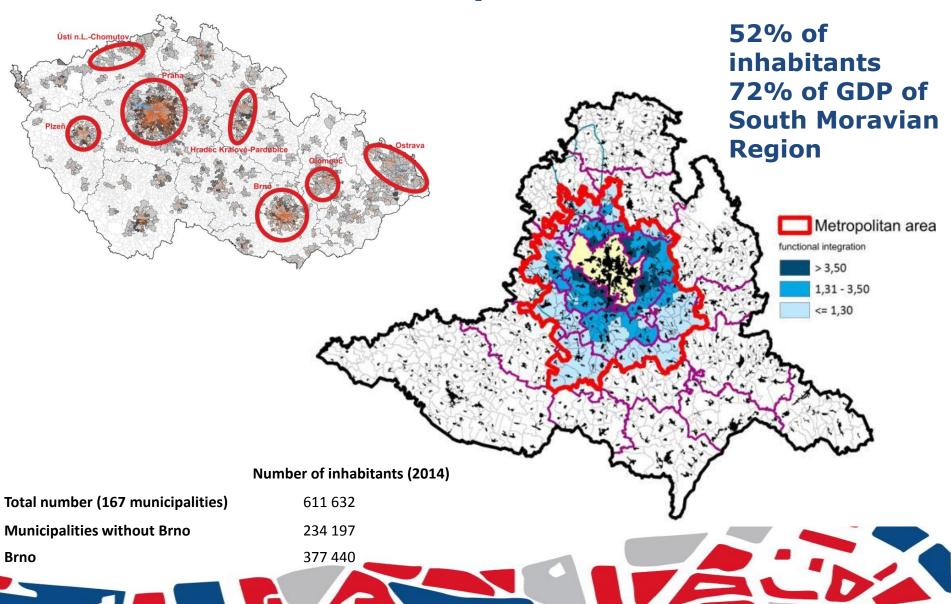
1) How do European towns and regions work with the surrounding territories to promote sustainable urban development?

The example of Integrated sustainable urban development strategy

Integrated sustainable urban development

- IUSD new priority for the EU 2014 2020 funding
- Ring-fencing funding at least 5% of the ERDF resources allocated to each Member State for IUSD
- Implemented through the Integrated Territorial Investment (ITI) tool
- Unique chance for Brno and its metropolitan area and other metropolitan areas in CZ

Brno Metropolitan area

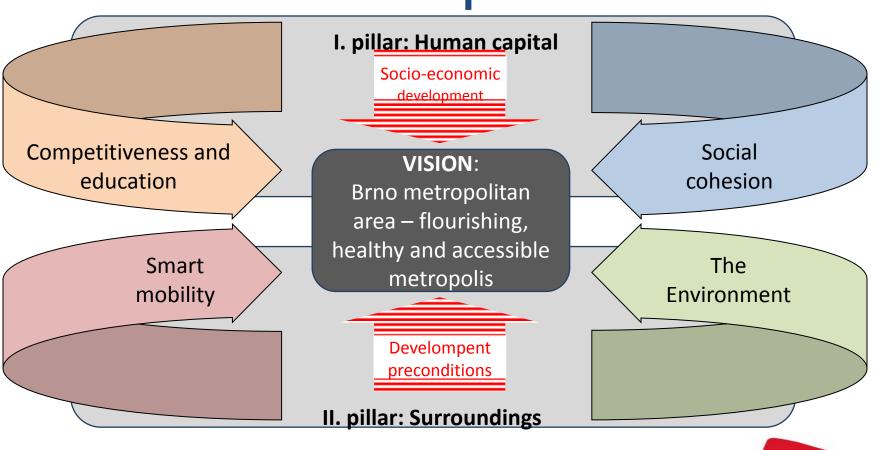


Engagement of stakeholders

- → Memorandum on metropolitan Cooperation with South Moravian Region and 5 municipalities with extended powers in surroundings
- → Steering group key stakeholders from BMA
- **→** Working groups 4 thematic priorities
- → Ongoing discussions with stakeholders inside and outside the BMA
- → Publicity and awareness within BMA (e.g. CLLD LAGs, public discussions, publications)



Integrated Development Strategy of Brno Metropolitan area



Integrated Development Strategy of Brno Metropolitan area

Thematic field	Chosen key projects	Operational Programmes
Transport	Extension of tram and trolleybus lines	OP Transport
	Transportation terminals (incl. P + R) and traffic telematics	Integrated regional OP, OP Transport
	Cycling infrastructure development	Integrated regional OP
Environment	An integrated system of collecting, sorting, disposal and recycling of waste	OP Environment
	Integrated solutions of environmental risks (droughts, floods)	OP Environment, Integrated regional OP
Social cohesion	Social housing, community centers, drop-in centers	Integrated regional OP, OP Employment
Competitiveness and education	Support of creative industries – Creative centre	Integrated regional OP, OP Entrepreneurship and Innovation for Competitiveness

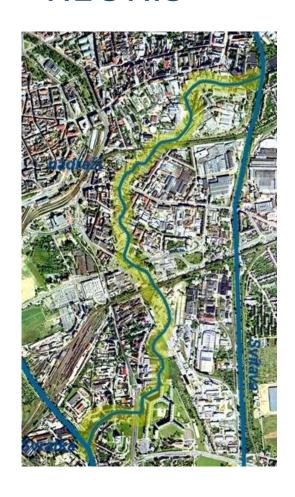
Total allocation of CZ for EU 2014-20: 22 bil. €.

7 ITI areas: 1,1 bil. €

Brno metropolitan area: 0,2 bil. €



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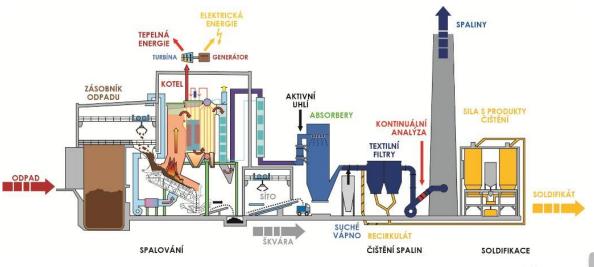




New amenities for garbage disposal plant





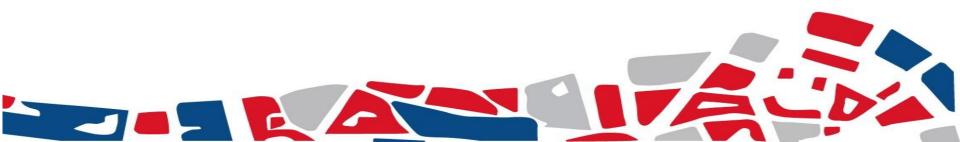


2) How can municipalities tackle climate change and its effects and create sustainable and resilient cities?

The example of urban adaptation strategies using ecosystem-based approaches to adaptation

Urban Adapt

- Project coordinated by Global Change Research Institute AS CR, Department of Human Dimension of Global Change.
- Aim to propose and evaluate suitable adaptation measures and actions with the support of ecosystem-based approaches
- 3 pilot cities in the Czech Republic (Prague, Brno, Pilsen) the process of urban adaptation strategies development was initiated:
 - In collaboration with stakeholders relevant adaptation measures identified, evaluation of the preferred measures in terms of the costs and benefits
 - Basic adaptation strategies for the three pilot cities designed
 - Steps for their implementation have to be initiated.



Urban Adapt

urban adaptation strategies using ecosystem-based approaches to adaptation

MAIN CHALLENGES	ADAPTATION MEASURES	
Heatwaves, heat island	- Urban greenery – trees, alleys, gardens, parks	
effect within the city	- Green roofs and facades	
	- Watter in the city (fountains, lakes)	
	- Urban gardening	
Floods	- Revitalisation of rivers	
	- Greenery and vegetation on riverbanks	
	- Regeneration of wetlands, ponds in the Brno metropolitan area	
Insufficient rainfall	- Surfaces that allow infiltration of rainwatter, vegetation, polders	
infiltration	- Water retention and reuse	
Drought and watter	- Use of rainfall watter – for wattering greenery, service watter	
shortage		



How to deal with heatwaves and heat island effect







How to deal rainfall infiltration and drought





